Copyright is owned by the Author of the thesis. Permission is given for a copy to be downloaded by an individual for the purpose of research and private study only. The thesis may not be reproduced elsewhere without the permission of the Author. A STUDY OF FACTORS

HINDERING INCREASED

PRODUCTION ON THE

RAUGITAIKI PLAINS AND

IN GALATEA

Ъy

M.B. CRONIN

Thesis Presented in Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Degree of Master of Agricultural Science in Massey University

> Falmerston North January, 1968.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The author wishes to thank Professor W.V. Candler, ex-Professor of Agricultural Economics and Farm Management, for his guidance and encouragement in this study.

Thanks are also extended to Messrs R.W. Cartwright, J.N. Hodgson, and A.H. Hughes of the Agricultural Economics and Farm Management Department for helpful discussions with the author.

The ready and willing co-operation of the survey farmers is gratefully acknowledged.

Many people in the survey district gave willing assistance and encouragement to the author during the survey and this is gratefully acknowledged. In particular the author would mention the local extension officers who assisted with the selection of the survey farms, and with whom the author had many helpful discussions.

Special thanks are also extended to Mr S. Spence, Chairman of Directors, and Mr R. Dennis, General Manager of the Rangitaiki Plains Dairy Company, and to the Directors and Staff of the Company who showed considerable hospitality to the author as well as much assistance and encouragement in the survey.

Financial assistance from the Rangitaiki Plains Dairy Company, Potash (N.Z.) Ltd., and a scholarship from the Bank of New South Wales are also acknowledged.

Finally thanks are recorded to Mrs M. Clifford and Miss A. Mackay who typed the thesis, and to the library staff of Massey University for their help in obtaining references.

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CHAPTER 1

1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Summary

This chapter gives a brief outline of the purpose of this study of the Rangitaiki Plains and Galatea. The population of farms from which the survey sample was taken is defined, and a thesis guide is given.

1.2 The Purpose of the Survey

Prior to this survey some farmers on the Rangitaiki Plains and in Galatea were making large increases in butterfat production by following a pattern of higher stocking rates, and increased rates of application of fertilizer, together with the required complementary inputs. It was noticed, however, by the district extension officers, and officials of the Rangitaiki Plains Dairy Company that many other farmers were remaining static in production.

This study consisted of a survey of 37 dairy farms selected from this district, and was aimed to firstly evaluate, both physically and financially, development projects on progressive farms, and secondly to investigate the factors which were hindering other farmers from increasing production, and to find $\frac{1}{}$ ways of overcoming these problems.

1. The objectives of the survey are fully outlined in Section 4.2.

1.3 The Population Studied

This study was restricted to suppliers to the Rangitaiki Plains Dairy Company which is the only dairy factory operating in the Rangitaiki Plains district. Included in this district is the Whakatane river valley and Galatea. The total area is approximately 85,000 acres of intensive dairying land.

This survey was commenced in November 1965, and hence selection of the survey farms was made from the 646 suppliers in $\frac{2}{}$ the 1964/65 season.

1.4 Thesis Guide

This section outlines the contents of the remaining chapters in the thesis.

<u>Chapter 2</u> gives an outline of the farming environment and services on the Rangitaiki Plains and Galatea. A review of the literature on farm surveys and their uses is given in <u>Chapter 3</u>. <u>Chapter 4</u> discusses in detail the objectives of this survey, the selection of the survey farms, and the survey method.

<u>Chapter 5</u> discusses farming on the survey farms and outlines the major types of farming encountered in this survey. In <u>Chapter 6</u> various aspects of evaluating the profitability of farm development are discussed and 5 case farm studies are given to show the profitability of development on the survey farms.

^{2.} The method of selection of farms is discussed fully in Section 4.3.

The survey results are reported in <u>Chapters 7 and 8</u>. This includes discussion on family situations and attitudes related to development, the local extension officers views of needed husbandry changes for increased production, and the factors which the author considers are actually hindering increased production on the survey farms. <u>Chapter 9</u> gives the authors recommendations for overcoming the factors which he considers the survey has demonstrated to be hindering increased butterfat production, and <u>Chapter 10</u> gives a summary and conclusion to the thesis.

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